

Ecobank Group reports unaudited 1Q 2022 profit before tax increase of 25% to \$125m. ROTE of 18.9% TBVPS of 5.62 US cents and Diluted EPS of 0.27 US cents.

We delivered strong 1Q 2022 results with profit before tax increasing by 25% to \$125 million, diluted earnings per share up 29% to 0.27 US cents and net revenue growth of 7% to \$436 million. Returns on tangible shareholders' equity of 18.9% was a record compared to 15.7% a year ago, says **Ade Ayeyemi, CEO, Ecobank Group.**

Ayeyemi continued: "We achieved these results in a difficult operating environment characterised by the strengthening of the US dollar against our operating currencies, high inflation, high interest rates and tight labour markets across Africa as the Russia-Ukraine conflict continued to take its toll. Despite these challenges, we continued to support our customers effectively, which paid off as our businesses grew their revenues and profits. These were driven by trade, cash management, FICC and payments, while we also achieved modest loan growth with support from higher interest rates. As a result, pre-tax profits increased by 13%, 26% and 59% in our Corporate and Investment Banking, Consumer Banking and Commercial Banking businesses respectively. It is important to note that it is the bold strategic decisions and our investments in people, systems and processes over time that have resulted in the record returns for our shareholders today. We are unrelenting in our focus on driving returns towards our medium-term goal of approximately 20%."

"We have continued to run the company with expense discipline, while growing earnings and investing in improvements to the customer experience. So, despite increased expenses - largely due to inflation - our cost-to-income ratio improved to 58.0%, compared to 59.3% a year ago. Our credit portfolio is in good shape, and we continue to drive down the non-performing loans ratio towards our near-term goal of under 6% while we maintain adequate impairment reserves as a buffer for possible downside risks."

"We have ample liquidity on our balance sheet and continue to generate healthy levels of customer deposits while maintaining satisfactory levels of capital above internal and regulatory minimums. As a result, we are confident in the company's positioning for growth, and will continue to invest in our digital offerings and payment capabilities while enhancing our core technology. In summary, we are pleased with our progress, and I would like to thank our customers for their trust, and all Ecobankers for their hard work towards realising our vision and remaining the bank that Africa and friends of Africa trust." Ayeyemi concluded.

Income Statement (\$M)	1Q21	1Q22
Net revenue (operating income)	409	436
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	167	183
Profit before tax	100	125
Profit available to ETI shareholders	52	66
Diluted EPS (\$ cents)	0.209	0.269
Balance Sheet (\$M)	1Q21	1Q22
Net loans and advances to customers (EOP)	8,940	9,310
Deposits from customers (EOP)	18,102	19,696
Cost of funds	1.9%	2.3%
Non-performing loans (NPL) ratio	7.7%	6.3%
NPL coverage ratio	81.5%	107.1%
Tangible book value per share (\$ cents)	5.25	5.62
Basel II/III Total CAR ³	12.3%	14.8%
Profitability Metrics	1Q21	1Q22
Return on average total assets (ROA) ¹	1.2%	1.3%
Return on tangible shareholders' equity (ROTE) ²	15.7%	18.9%
Net interest margin (NIM)	5.1%	4.9%
Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	59.3%	58.0%
Cost-of-risk (CoR)	1.97%	1.66%

(1) ROA (annualised)is calculated as the Group's profit after tax divided by average end
of-period total assets

⁽²⁾ Profit available (attributable) to E Π shareholders divided by the average end-of-period tangible shareholders' equity

REGIONS	Revenue ⁴	% YoY⁵	ROE	CIR
UEMOA	136	9%	21.1%	53.7%
NIGERIA	56	3%	3.4%	84.7%
AWA	127	12%	24.7%	47.7%
CESA	138	30%	27.6%	47.6%

- Record ROTE of 18.9% is above cost-of-equity.
- PBT of \$125m, up 25% or 29% in constant currency, driven by solid underlying business growth and deepening client engagements.
- Profit available to ETI shareholders of \$66m and diluted EPS of 0.27 US cents, up 27% and 29%, respectively.
- Net revenue rose by 16% in constant currency, reflecting diversification benefits, robust client activity in trade, FICC, payments and cash management.
- Payments business grew 15% or \$7.1m to \$54m (12% of Group revenue), driven mainly by our merchant acquiring and Cards businesses.
- Record cost-to-income ratio of 58.0% benefiting from efficiency initiatives despite inflationary pressures.
- Customer deposits (EOP) increased by 9% or \$1.6bn year-on-year (YoY) but flat year-to-date (YTD) to \$19.7bn.
- Net customer loans (EOP) increased 4% or \$370m YoY but decreased by 3% or \$266m YTD, primarily due to currency weakness with an increase in Commercial Bank loans offset by lower CIB and Consumer loans.
- Continued to drive the NPL ratio down to 6.3% compared to 7.7% a year ago
 and proactively improved the NPL coverage ratio to 107.1%, surpassing our
 near-term target of 100%. In addition, our allowance for impairment charges
 includes a central macro-overly buffer of c.\$184m for any potential future
 downside risks.
- Book value per share (BVPS), up 5% YoY to 6.06 US cents, and tangible book value per (TBVPS) up 7% to 5.62 US cents.
- Continue to see strong client adoption of our digital platforms (Omni plus, Omni Lite, Xpress Points) across our businesses. As a result, the value of digital transactions increased by \$5.9bn YoY to \$19bn in the first quarter of 2022.

⁽³⁾ Basel II/III Total CAR of 14.8% is as of 31 Dec 2021 is provisional and not final FOP = End-of-Period

⁽⁴⁾ Revenues for the regions excludes consolidation adjustments so will not add up to reported total

⁽⁵⁾ YoY % change in revenues are in constant currency



TOTAL VOLUME OF TRANSACTIONS - DIGITAL CHANNELS

TOTAL VALUE OF TRANSACTIONS ON OUR DIGITAL CHANNELS (in millions of US dollars)	31 Mar 2022	31 Mar 2021	YoY %
Omni Plus	11,589	8,083	43%
OmniLite	1,542	937	65%
Ecobank Mobile App	1,206	1,153	5%
Ecobank Online	518	413	26%
Xpress Points (Agency Network)	1,180	573	106%
Indirect Channels	3,031	2,048	48%
Cards	2,612	2,229	17%
Bank Collect	1,410	1,075	31%
POS	466	160	190%
Ecobank Pay	56	43	30%
e-Commerce	338	85	298%

SUMMARY FINANCIAL REVIEW OF THE ECOBANK GROUP

Quarter ended	Mar	Mar		1
(in millions of US dollars except per share data)	2022	2021	YoY %	CCy ¹ %
Net interest income	239	237	1%	9%
Non-interest revenue	198	172	15%	25%
Operating income (net revenue)	436	409	7%	16%
Operating expenses	(253)	(243)	4%	11%
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	183	167	10%	22%
Gross impairment charges on loans	(64)	(66)	(4)%	4%
Less loan recoveries and impairment charge releases	22	19	17%	25%
Net impairment charges on loans	(42)	(48)	(12)%	(5)%
Impairment charges on other assets	(9)	(9)	(5)%	(5)%
Impairment charges on financial assets	(50)	(57)	(11)%	(5)%
Net monetary loss arising from hyperinflationary economies	(8)	(10)	(21)%	(21)%
Share of post-tax results of associates	-	-	-	_
Profit before tax	125	100	25%	29%
Profit after tax from continuing operations	92	74	24%	-
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	-	1	n.m	-
Profit for the year	92	76	21%	38%
Profit available to ETI shareholders	66	52	27%	-
Per Share Data (US cents)				
Basic EPS	0.269	0.209	29%	
Diluted EPS	0.269	0.209	29%	

(1) Constant currency = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency basis

n.m. = not meaningful

Period ended 31 Mar 2022 vs. Period ended 31 Mar 2021

Profit before tax (PBT) was \$125 million, increasing by 25% or \$25 million from the prior-year period. If adjusted for the impact of foreign currency translation (or on a constant currency basis), PBT increased by 29%. Additionally, positive operating leverage and efficiency gains achieved in each of our business lines benefited PBT growth, with Corporate and Investment Banking (CIB), Consumer Banking (CSB) and Commercial Banking (CMB), growing PBT by 13%, 26%, and 59%, respectively in the first quarter of 2022.

Net revenue (operating income) was \$436 million, increasing by 7% or \$27 million or 16% on a constant currency basis. The increase in revenue was primarily driven by a 15% growth in non-interest revenue (NIR) and a 1% growth in net



interest income (NII). Also, revenue expansion, a critical strategic imperative of our 'Execution Momentum' strategy, was substantial in each of our business lines. For example, CIB revenues were higher by 8%, CSB by 9%, and CMB by 11%, on a year-on-year basis, driven by deepening client relationships and increased household and business activity.

Net interest income was \$239 million, increasing by 1% or \$1 million, or 9% on a constant currency basis. Interest rate increases in some of our markets provided the catalyst by helping to drive interest income on customer loans and treasury bills by 15% and 20%, respectively. However, the growth in interest income was offset by an increase in the interest cost on customer deposits and borrowed funds by 38% and 18%, respectively, with the former primarily driven by a disproportionate growth in term deposits within CIB. As a result, net interest spreads, the difference between the gross yields on our earning assets and the interest costs on our funding sources, compressed by 20 basis points and hence the net interest margin (NIM) decreased to 4.9% from 5.1% a year ago. On the other hand, the average interest rate paid on all funding sources increased to 2.3% versus 1.9% in the first quarter of 2021.

Non-interest revenue was \$198 million for the first quarter of 2022, increasing by 15% or \$25 million, or by 25% on a constant currency basis, boosted by the continued robustness in client and customer activity following the lifting of most of the Covid-19 pandemic-induced restrictions. As a result, net fees and commission income increased by 16% or \$16 million to \$116 million, with fees generated on Cards rising by 30% to \$24 million, credit-related fees increased by 17% to \$37 million, and cash management fees rose by 9% to \$54 million. Additionally, NIR benefited from net trading income, which increased by 12% or \$8 million to \$72 million, predominantly driven by a 216% increase in fixed-income trading to \$34 million, partially offset by a decrease in client-related foreign-currency sales of 29% to \$38 million. As a result, the contribution of non-interest revenue to total net revenue (the NIR ratio) was 45% versus 42% in the year-ago period.

Operating expenses were \$253 million, increasing by 4% or \$10 million, or 11% on a constant currency basis. Employee-related expenditures increased by 4% to \$113 million, while other operating expenses rose 6% to \$115 million, predominantly driven by higher inflation. The depreciation and amortisation charge fell by 2% to \$26 million. Despite higher inflation, the cost-to-income ratio improved to a record 58.0% compared to 59.3% in the year-ago period, driven by higher revenue growth and continued expense discipline in an inflationary environment. Also, the cost-to-assets ratio, which measures costs to average assets, improved to 3.7% compared with 3.8%.

Impairment charges on loans (provision for credit losses), net of loan recoveries and impairment releases was \$42 million compared with \$48 million a year ago. Gross impairment charges were \$64 million, down 4% from a year ago, reflecting an overall reduction in the credit risks within our loan portfolios as borrowers' credit conditions improved on relatively improved economic conditions. Partially offsetting gross impairment charges were \$22 million, up 17% from the year-ago period, in loan recoveries, collections on past-due loans and releases of previous impairment charges. In addition, the current period's loan recoveries include \$2.2 million from the Resolution Vehicle (RV). However, with the fragility of the economic recovery due to the ongoing geopolitical tensions, we increased further the central macro-overly provision buffer of \$164 million held as of year-end 2021 by \$20 million in the first quarter of 2022 to a total of \$184 million. Overall, the Bank's credit quality remains solid, reflected in the cost-of-risk, which improved further to 1.66% in the first quarter of 2022 compared with 1.69% at year-end 2021 and 1.97% in the year-ago period.

Taxation - Income taxes were \$33 million compared with \$26 million in the prior-year period. The effective income tax rate (ETR) was 26.4% versus 25.7% in the prior-year period, primarily driven by higher profits in different tax jurisdictions.



BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY

As at: (in millions of US dollars, except per share amounts)	31 Mar 2022	31 Dec 2021	31 Mar 2021	YoY %	Ccy* %
Gross loans and advances to customers (EOP)	9,985	10,228	9,541	5%	-
Less allowance for impairments (expected credit losses)	675	652	601	12%	-
Net loans and advances to customers (EOP)	9,310	9,576	8,940	4%	10%
Net loans and advances to customers (Average)	9,152	9,060	8,835	4%	-
Deposits from customers (EOP)	19,696	19,713	18,102	9%	16%
Deposits from customers (Average)	19,351	18,953	17,609	10%	-
Total assets	27,075	27,562	25,596	6%	13%
Equity attributable to owners of ETI	1,499	1,532	1,428	5%	-
Total equity to all owners	2,118	2,164	1,955	8%	22%
Loan-to-deposit ratio	50.7%	51.9%	52.7%	(4)%	-
Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	NA	10.7%	NA	-	-
Total capital adequacy ratio (CAR) ¹	NA	14.8%	NA	-	-
Risk-weighted assets (RWA) ²	NA	15,273	NA	-	-
End-of-period ordinary shares outstanding (millions of shares)	24,730	24,730	24,730	-	-
# of ordinary shares to be issued if convertible bond converts	6,667	6,667	6,667	-	-
Per Share Data (in US Cents)					
Book value per ordinary share, BVPS ³	6.06	6.20	5.77	5	-
Tangible book value per ordinary share, TBVPS ⁴	5.62	5.70	5.25	7	-
Share price (EOP)	2.89	2.10	1.33	117	-

⁽¹⁾ Basel II/III CAR is a provisional estimate for 31 December 2021. It is reported semi-annually to the regulator, the Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO). CAR for 31 December is submitted 30 April and for 30 June submission is 31 October. CAR ratios are based on transitional adjusted capital; The Group extended its transitional schedule for the recognition of IFRS 9 Day 1 impairments in regulatory capital from three years to five years, the latter being the widely adopted ECB/PRA schedule

Gross loans and advances to customers (EOP) were \$10.0 billion as of 31 March 2022, down 2% year-to-date (YTD) but an increase of 5% on a year-on-year (YoY) basis. End-of-period net loans (gross loans less accumulated credit impairment charges) fell by 3% YTD but were higher by 4% on a YoY basis. On a constant currency basis, net loans grew by 10% YoY. This growth was solid in our CMB business, where improving economic conditions lifted commercial activity, especially within the SME sector. Additionally, net loans increased YoY on a constant currency basis in each of our four regions.

Deposits from customers (EOP) were \$19.7 billion as of 31 March 2022, flat YTD but 9% higher or 16% on a constant currency basis YoY. The marginal decline in YTD deposit growth was primarily due to adverse foreign currency effects with underlying solid growth within CIB.

Estimated Tier 1 CAR and Total CAR were 10.7% and 14.8%, respectively, as of 31 December 2021, compared with 9.4% and 12.3% as of 31 December 2020. The increase in capital adequacy ratios reflected the robust growth in profits in 2021, the positive impact of a \$350 million 10-year subordinated sustainability Eurobond raised in June 2021 and a \$75 million perpetual subordinated notes (Additional Tier 1 capital) instrument raised in September 2021.

Equity available (attributable) to ETI shareholders was \$1.50 billion as of 31 March 2022 down 2% or \$33 million YTD, but up 5% or \$72 million YoY. The YTD decline in shareholders' equity reflected internal profit generation of \$68 million in the quarter, offset by mark-to-market losses on fixed-income securities of \$12 million and FX translation reserve losses of \$89 million, due to rate movements and strengthening of the US dollar.

⁽²⁾ RWAs for 2021 is a provisional estimate.

⁽³⁾ ETI shareholders' equity divided by end-of-period ordinary shares outstanding

⁽⁴⁾ Tangible ETI shareholders' equity divided by end-of-period ordinary shares outstanding. Tangible ETI shareholders' equity is ETI shareholders' equity less goodwill and intangible assets EOP = End-of-period

^{*}Ccy = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency

Average deposits and loans is on a quarterly basis

NA = not applicable



_	(64) 22	(66
	` '	(
		19
	(42)	(48
	(9)	(
	(50)	(5
		1.979
31 Mar 2022 9,985	31 Dec 2021 10,228	31 M 202 9,54
8,333	8,547	7,60
1,022	1,043	1,20
631	639	73
675	652	60
82		8
		11
		40
		8,94
		73 7.7
		81.5
71.9%	67.1%	54.2
	2022 9,985 8,333 1,022 631 675 82 140 453 9,310 631 6.3% 107.1%	2022 2021 9,985 10,228 8,333 8,547 1,022 1,043 631 639 675 652 82 80 140 143 453 429 9,310 9,576 631 639 6.3% 6.2% 107.1% 102.1%

Non-performing loans (impaired loans or stage 3 loans) were \$631 million as of 31 March 2022, compared with \$639 million as of 31 December 2021 and \$738 million as of 31 March 2021. The decrease in NPLs YTD was predominantly driven by lower NPLs in our CMB business, reflecting the net impact of loan recoveries, collections, upgrades, and write-offs. The NPL ratio, as a result, was essentially unchanged at 6.3% compared to 6.2% as of 31 December 2021 but has improved significantly from 7.7% in the first quarter of 2021.



REGIONAL PERFORMANCE

We categorise the Group's pan-African operations into four geographical regions. These reportable regions are Francophone West Africa (UEMOA), Nigeria, Anglophone West Africa (AWA), and Central, Eastern and Southern Africa (CESA). Accordingly, the financial results of the constituent affiliates of Ecobank Development Corporation (EDC), the Group's Investment Banking (IB) and Securities, Wealth, and Asset Management (SWAM) businesses across our geographic footprint are reported within their country of domicile and therefore in the applicable regions of UEMOA, Nigeria, AWA, and CESA. In addition, the Group categorises its Paris banking subsidiary and representative offices in Beijing, London, and Dubai as International.

Comparisons noted in the commentary below are calculated for the period ended 31 March 2022 versus the period ended 31 March 2021, unless otherwise specified.

Ecobank Geographical Regions Summary financials for the three months ended 31 Mar 2022 (In millions of US Dollars)	UEMOA	NIGERIA ⁽¹⁾	AWA	CESA	INTER- NATIONAL	ETI & Others ⁽²⁾	Ecobank Group
Income statement highlights							
Net interest income Non-interest revenue	83 53	34 22	80 46	69 68	2 5	(31)	239 198
Operating income (net revenue) Total operating expenses	136 73	56 48	127 61	138 65	8 6	(28) 1	436 253
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit Impairment charges on financial assets	63 7	9 2	66 9	72 5	2 (1)	(28) 28	183 50
Operating profit after impairment losses Net monetary loss arising from hyperinflationary economies	55	7 -	57	67 (8)	3	(56)	133 (8)
Profit before tax Profit after tax	55 48	7 6	57 38	67 46	3 2	(56) (48)	125 92
Balance sheet highlights							
Total Assets Gross loans and advances to customers	9,163 3,454	6,381 2,701	4,541 1,353	6,850 1,783	1,133 694	(993)	27,075 9,985
Of which stage 1 Of which stage 2 Of which stage 3 (NPLs)	3,203 144 107	1,613 658 429	1,272 50 31	1,565 160 58	679 10 5	-	8,333 1,022 631
Less: accumulated impairments	(104)	(234)	(60)	(85)	(8)	(184)	(675)
Of which stage 1 Of which stage 2 Of which stage 3 (NPLs)	(26) (33) (45)	(12) (74) (148)	(19) (13) (28)	(23) (20) (43)	(2) (0) (5)	- - (184)	(82) (140) (453)
Net loans and advances to customers Non-performing loans Deposits from customers Total equity	3,350 107 6,728 907	2,467 429 4,121 735	1,293 31 3,351 586	1,698 58 5,311 654	686 5 184 119	(184) - - (883)	9,310 631 19,696 2,118
Ratios ROE ⁽³⁾	21.1%	3.4%	24.7%	27.6%	6.7%	_	18.9%
ROA Cost-to-income ratio	2.0% 53.7%	0.4% 84.7%	3.3% 47.7%	2.7% 47.6%	0.7% 78.4%	-	1.0% 58.0%
Loan-to-deposit ratio NPL Ratio NPL Coverage	51.3% 3.1% 97.0%	65.5% 15.9% 54.4%	40.4% 2.3% 194.3%	33.6% 3.3% 147.3%	376.5% 0.7% 154.1%	-	50.7% 6.3% 107.1%

^{1.} Included in the Nigeria region are the results of the Resolution Vehicle

^{2.} ETI and Others comprise the financial results of ETI (parent company), eProcess (the Group's shared services technology company), EBISA (Paris subsidiary), other ETI-affiliates and structured entities, and the net impact of eliminations from the Group's accounting consolidation.

^{3.} ROE for the Regions are computed using profit after tax divided by the average end-of-period (EOP) total equity. However, the ROE for the Group, is computed using profit available to ETI divided by average EOP shareholders' equity.



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Francophone West Africa (UEMOA)						
	31 Mar	31	Mar			
Period ended (in millions of US dollars)	2022	_	2021	YoY %	*Ccy %	
Net interest income	83		83	0.1%	8%	
Non-interest revenue	53		51	4%	12%	
Net revenue	136		133	2%	9%	
Operating expenses	(73)		(75)	(3)%	5%	
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	63		59	7%	15%	
Gross impairment charges on loans	(22)		(23)	(3)%	4%	
Less loan recoveries and impairment releases	15		9	59%	70%	
Net impairment charges on loans	(7)		(14)	(46)%	(42)%	•
Impairment charges on other assets	0		(0)	n.m.	n.m.	
Impairment charges on financial assets	(7)		(14)	(46)%	(42)%	
Profit before tax	55		45	23%	32%	
	31 Mar	31 Dec		31 Mar		
As at: (in millions of US dollars)	2022	2021		2021	YoY %	Ccy %
Loans & advances t ocustomers (gross)	3,454	3,837		3,440	0%	6%
Of which Stage 1	3,203	3,555		3,087	4%	-
Of which Stage 2	144	174		232	(38)%	-
Of which Stage 3 (non-performing loans)	107	108		121	(11)%	4%
Less allowance for impairments (Expected Credit Loss)	(104)	(102)		(86)	22%	49%
Of which Stage 1: 12-month ECL ⁽¹⁾	(26)	(27)		(21)	24%	-
Of which Stage 2: Life-time ECL	(33)	(33)		(12)	179%	-
Of which Stage 3: Life-time ECL	(45)	(42)		(53)	(15)%	-
Loans & advances to customers (net)	3,350	3,735		3,355	(0)%	5%
Total assets	9,163	10,072		9,024	2%	7%
Deposits from customers	6,728	6,977		6,605	2%	8%
Total equity	907	894		820	11%	17%
Cost-to-income ratio	53.7%	54.2%		56.0%		
ROE	21.1%	20.3%		21.4%		
Loan-to-deposit ratio	51.3%	55.0%		52.1%		
NPL ratio	3.1%	2.8%		3.5%		
NPL coverage ratio	97.0%	93.8%		70.8%		
Stage 3 coverage ratio	41.7%	38.6%		43.5%		

Note: Selected income statement line items only and thus may not sum up

Francophone West Africa (UEMOA)

UEMOA delivered a profit before tax of \$55 million for the first quarter of 2022, increasing by 23% or \$10 million from the prior-year period. PBT grew by 32% on a constant currency basis, benefiting from higher revenues and lower impairment charges. As a result, annualised ROE for the quarter was 21.1%.

Net revenue of \$136 million increased by 2% or \$2 million, while on a constant currency basis, it rose by 9%. The increase in revenue was driven by higher non-interest revenue and net interest income. Net interest income increased by 8% on a constant currency basis, driven by increased investment securities and a stable net interest margin. Non-interest revenue increased 12% on a constant currency basis, driven primarily by cash management, card, and credit-related fees and commissions, thanks to significantly higher client activity.

Operating expenses of \$73 million decreased by 3% or \$2 million but on a constant currency basis increased by 5%, mainly driven by the overall increase in prices of goods and services. However, the cost-to-income ratio improved to 53.7% compared to 56.0% in the prior year's period on account of higher revenue generation.

^{*} Ccy = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency

⁽¹⁾ ECL = Expected Credit Loss



Net impairment charges on loans were \$7 million compared with \$14 million in the prior year. The current period's lower impairment charges reflected an increase in loan recoveries and the release of previous impairment charges partly driven by a decrease in NPLs.

NIGERIA						
	31 Mar	31	Mar			
Period ended (in millions of US dollars)	2022		2021	YoY %	*Ccy %	6
Net interest income	34		29	18%	229	6
Non-interest revenue	22		27	(19)%	(16)%	6
Net revenue	56		56	(0)%	39	6
Operating expenses	(48)		(44)	9%	139	6
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	9		12	(31)%	(29)%	6
Gross impairment charges on loans	(5)		(6)	(19)%	(17)9	6
Less loan recoveries and impairment releases	3		3	(2)%	09	6
Net impairment charges on loans	(2)		(3)	(36)%	(33)%	6
Impairment charges on other assets	-		(1)	n.m	n.m	
Impairment charges on financial assets	(2)		(5)	(56)%	(54)9	6
Profit before tax	7		8	(17)%	(15)9	
	31 Mar	31 Dec		31 Mar		
As at: (in millions of US dollars)	2022	2021		2021	YoY %	*Ccy %
Loans & advances to customers (gross)	2,701	2,625		2,532	7%	9%
Of which Stage 1	1,613	1,567		1,398	15%	-
Of which Stage 2	658	631		650	1%	-
Of which Stage 3 (non-performing loans)	429	427		485	(11)%	(10)%
Less: allowance for impairments (Expected Credit Loss)	(234)	(230)		(282)	(17)%	(15)%
Of which Stage 1: 12-month ECL ⁽¹⁾	(12)	(11)		(10)	16%	-
Of which Stage 2: Life-time ECL	(74)	(75)		(70)	5%	-
Of which Stage 3: Life-time ECL	(148)	(144)		(201)	(26)%	-
Loans & advances to customers (net)	2,467	2,395		2,250	10%	12%
Total assets	6,381	5,985		5,651	13%	15%
Deposits from customers	4,121	3,951		3,554	16%	18%
Total equity	735	703		719	2%	4%
Cost-to-income ratio	84.7%	81.2%		77.9%		
ROE	3.4%	7.2%		4.0%		
Loan-to-deposit ratio	65.5%	66.4%		71.3%		
NPL ratio	15.9%	16.3%		19.1%		
NPL coverage ratio	54.4%	53.9%		58.1%		
Stage 3 coverage ratio	34.5%	33.8%		41.5%		

Note: Selected income statement line items only and thus may not sum up

n.m. = not meaningful

Nigeria

Nigeria delivered a profit before tax of \$7 million for the first quarter of 2022, decreasing by 17% or \$1.3 million and on a constant currency basis, decreasing by 15%. The decrease in PBT was primarily driven by higher expenses, partially offset by lower loan impairment charges. As a result, the annualised ROE for the period was 3.4%.

Net revenue of \$56 million was essentially flat, but it increased by 3% on a constant currency basis on higher net interest income generation. Net interest income increased by 22% on a constant currency basis to \$34 million, reflecting a 40 basis points rise in NIMs to 3.8% and a modest increase in the loan portfolio, partially offset by an increase in funding costs. Moreover, higher discretionary cash reserve requirements (CRR) of the Central Bank of Nigeria continue to stifle the NII growth rate. Non-interest revenue, on the other hand, fell 16% in constant currency as an increase in trade revenues and fixed-income trading gains were offset by a decrease in fees on cards and cash management.

^{*} Ccy = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency

⁽¹⁾ ECL = Expected Credit Loss



Operating expenses increased by 9% or \$4 million to \$48 million and increased by 13% from the prior-year period on a constant currency basis, primarily driven by inflationary pressures, higher energy costs, and statutory charges. Hence the cost-to-income ratio deteriorated to 84.7% compared to 77.9% a year ago.

Net impairment charges on loans were \$2 million compared to \$3 million in the prior-year period, mainly due to lower gross impairment charges in the current period.

Anglophone West Africa (AWA)						
	31 Mar	31	Mar			
Period ended (in millions of US dollars)	2022	2	2021	YoY %	*Ccy 9	%
Net interest income	80		83	(3)%	59	%
Non-interest revenue	46		38	23%	279	%
Net revenue	127		120	5%	129	%
Operating expenses	(61)		(52)	15%	229	%
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	66		68	(3)%	59	%
Gross impairment charges on loans	(10)		(13)	(24)%	(17)9	%
Less loan recoveries and impairment releases	1		4	(81)%	(79)9	%
Net impairment charges on loans	(9)		(9)	2%	129	%
Impairment charges on other assets	-		0.0	n.m	n.m	1
Impairment charges on financial assets	(9)		(9)	2%	129	%
Profit before tax	57		59	(3)%	49	6
As at: (in millions of US dollars)	31 Mar 2022	31 Dec 2021		31 Mar 2021	YoY %	*Ccy %
Loans & advances to customers (gross)	1,353	1,399		1,231	10%	25%
Of which Stage 1	1,272	1,306		1,098	16%	-
Of which Stage 2	50 31	50 44		50	1%	- (EZ)0/
Of which Stage 3 (non-performing loans) Less allowance for impairments (Expected Credit Loss)	(60)	(70)		84 (82)	(63)%	(57)%
Of which Stage 1: 12-month ECL ⁽¹⁾	(19)	(17)		(23)	(27)% (20)%	(15)%
Of which Stage 2: Life-time ECL	(13)	(17)		(7)	91%	_
Of which Stage 3: Life-time ECL	(28)	(40)		(52)	(46)%	_
Loans & advances to customers (net)	1,293	1,330		1,149	13%	28%
Total assets	4,541	4,813		4,431	2%	14%
Deposits from customers	3,351	3,504		3,268	3%	13%
Total equity	586	649		620	(5)%	9%
Cost-to-income ratio	47.7%	46.4%		43.5%		
ROE	24.7%	25.8%		27.3%		
Loan-to-deposit ratio	40.4%	39.9%		37.7%		
NPL ratio	2.3%	3.1%		6.8%		
NPL coverage ratio	194.3%	159.3%		98.3%		
Stage 3 coverage ratio	90.9%	92.6%		62.3%		

Note: Selected income statement line items only and thus may not sum up

n.m. = not meaningful

Anglophone West Africa (AWA)

AWA delivered a profit before tax of \$57 million for the first quarter of 2022, decreasing by 3% or \$2 million or an increase of 4% on a constant currency basis. The reduction in PBT was primarily driven by operating expenses rising higher than revenues. Annualised ROE for the first quarter was 24.7%.

Net revenue was \$127 million, increasing by 5% or \$7 million, or increasing by 12% on a constant currency basis, driven by significantly higher growth in non-interest revenues. Net interest income increased by 5% in constant currency to \$80 million, driven by higher interest income on loans and trade across the businesses, partially offset by compression in NIMs. Non-interest revenue was \$46 million, up 27% in constant currency, due to significantly higher fees on trade, cards, deposits and cash management.

^{*} Ccy = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency

⁽¹⁾ ECL = Expected Credit Loss



Operating expenses were \$61 million, increasing by 15% or \$8 million, or on a constant currency basis, rising by 22%. The increase in expenses was comprehensive, cutting across staff-related costs and other discretionary costs primarily due to general price increases from higher inflation. As a result, the cost-to-income ratio was 47.7% compared to 43.5% in the prior year, reflecting higher operating expenses growth than revenue growth.

Net impairment charges on loans of \$8.8 million compared with \$8.6 million in the prior-year period. The higher impairment charges in the quarter reflected a decrease in loan recoveries compared to the prior year.

Central, Eastern and Southern Africa (CESA)						
	31 Mar	31	Mar			
Period ended (in millions of US dollars)	2022	i	2021	YoY %	*Ccy 9	6
Net interest income	69		65	7%	169	6
Non-interest revenue	68		52	31%	489	6
Net revenue	138		117	18%	30%	6
Operating expenses	(65)		(61)	7%	149	6
Pre-provision, pre-tax operating profit	72		55	30%	49%	6
Gross impairment charges on loans	(8)		(13)	(39)%	(29)%	6
Less loan recoveries and impairment releases	3		2	53%	56%	6
Net impairment charges on loans	(4)		(11)	(58)%	(50)%	6
Impairment charges on other assets	(1)		(1)	25%	299	6
Impairment charges on financial assets	(5)		(11)	(52)%	(43)9	6
Net monetary loss arising from hyperinflationary economy	(8)		(10)	(21)%	-	
Profit before tax	59		34	72%	57 %	6
As at: (in millions of US dollars)	31 Mar 2022	31 Dec 2021		31 Mar 2021	YoY %	*Ccy %
Loans & advances to customers (gross)	1,783	1,751		1,845	(3)%	3%
Of which Stage 1	1,565	1,519		1,473	6%	-
Of which Stage 2	160	176		208	(23)%	_
Of which Stage 3 (non-performing loans)	58	55		164	(65)%	(63)%
Less: allowance for impairments (Expected Credit Loss)	(85)	(78)		(169)	(50)%	15%
Of which Stage 1: 12-month ECL ⁽¹⁾	(23)	(22)		(31)	(28)%	-
Of which Stage 2: Life-time ECL	(20)	(23)		(24)	(16)%	-
Of which Stage 3: Life-time ECL	(43)	(33)		(114)	(63)%	-
Loans & advances to customers (net)	1,698	1,672		1,676	1%	8%
Total assets	6,850	6,695		5,939	15%	26%
Deposits from customers	5,311	5,088		4,484	18%	30%
Total equity	654	690		591	11%	21%
Cost-to-income ratio	47.6%	52.7%		52.5%		
ROE	27.6%	22.3%		16.8%		
Loan-to-deposit ratio	33.6%	34.4%		41.1%		
NPL ratio	3.3%	3.2%		8.9%		
NPL coverage ratio	147.3%	141.5%	1	103.3%		
Stage 3 coverage ratio	73.5%	60.4%		69.6%		

Note: Selected income statement line items only and thus may not sum up

Central, Eastern and Southern African Region (CESA)

CESA delivered a profit before tax of \$59 million for the first quarter of 2022, an increase of 72% compared to the prior-year period, driven by positive operating leverage and lower impairment charges and net monetary losses.

Net revenue was \$138 million, increasing by 18% or \$21 million, or by 30% on a constant currency basis, reflecting higher net interest income and fee-related income. Net interest income increased by 16% on a constant currency basis to \$69 million, driven by higher interest income on loans and investment securities supported by an expansion in net interest spreads and NIM. Non-interest revenue increased by 48% on a constant currency basis to \$68 million, partly driven by

^{*} Ccy = year-on-year percentage change on a constant currency

⁽¹⁾ ECL = Expected Credit Loss



fees generated on episodic deals in some of our markets related to the investment banking deals and higher levels of letters of credit issuances.

Operating expenses of \$65 million were 7% or \$4 million higher than the year-ago period but were 14% higher on a constant currency basis. The increase was primarily driven by the impact of inflation and investments in building capacity. The cost-to-income ratio was 47.6% compared with 52.5% because of the significantly higher growth in revenues compared with operating expenses in the period.

Net impairment charges on loans were \$4 million compared with \$11 million in the prior-year period. The comparable lower net impairment charges for the period were due to lower gross impairment charges and a modest increase in loan recoveries in the current period compared to the prior-year period.

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About Ecobank Transnational Incorporated ('ETI' or 'The Group')

Ecobank Transnational Incorporated ('ETI') is the parent company of the Ecobank Group, the leading independent pan-African banking group. The Ecobank Group employs about 13,000 people and serves about 31 million customers in the consumer, commercial and corporate banking sectors across 33 African countries. The Group has a banking license in France and representative offices in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia; Johannesburg, South Africa; Beijing, China; London, the UK and Dubai, the United Arab Emirates. The Group offers a full suite of banking products, services and solutions including bank and deposit accounts, loans, cash management, advisory, trade, securities, wealth, and asset management. ETI is listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchanges in Lagos, the Ghana Stock Exchange in Accra, and the Bourse Régionale des Valeurs Mobilières in Abidjan. For further information please visit www.ecobank.com

Cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements

Certain statements in this document are "forward-looking statements". These statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from those included in these statements.

Earnings Call Information:

Ecobank will not be holding an Earnings Conference Call to discuss the financial results for the three months ended 31 March 2022. The financial results, which have been submitted to the NSE, BRVM and GSE, can be accessed, including the Earnings Press Release, by visiting www.ecobank.com. If you should have any questions related to these results, please contact Ecobank Investor Relations via ir@ecobank.com

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Unaudited consolidated statement of comprehensive Income	Period ended 31 March	
In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts	2022	2021
Interest income	375,049	345,914
	,	•
Interest expense Net interest income	(136,502) 238,547	(108,820) 237,094
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fee and commission income	133,261	113,441
Fee and commission expense	(16,923)	(13,294)
Net trading income	71,751	64,158
Net investment income	4,102	2,182
Other operating income	5,342	5,808
Non-interest revenue	197,533	172,295
Operating income	436,080	409,389
Staff expenses	(112,656)	(107,939)
Depreciation and amortisation	(25,665)	(26,152)
Other operating expenses	(114,665)	(108,670)
Operating expenses	(252,986)	(242,761)
Operating profit before impairment charges and taxation	183,094	166,628
Impairment charges on financial assets	(50,439)	(56,693)
Operating profit after impairment charges	132,655	109,935
Net monetary loss arising from hyperinflationary economies	(7,575)	(9,637)
Share of post-tax results of associates	-	20
Profit before tax	125,080	100,318
Taxation	(33,021)	(25,810)
Profit after tax from continuing operations	92,059	74,508
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	-	1,319
Profit after tax	92,059	75,827
Profit after tax attributable to:		·
Ordinary shareholders	66,104	52,132
- Continuing operations	66,104	51,420
- Discontinued operations	_	712
Other equity instrument holder	1,828	-
Non-controlling interests	24,127	23,695
- Continuing operations	24,127	23,088
- Discontinued operations	-	607
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent during the period (expressed in United States cents per share):		
Basic (cents)	0.269	0.209
Diluted (cents)	0.269	0.209



Unaudited consolidated statement of other comprehensive income	Period ended 31 March	
In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts	2022	2021
Profit after tax	92,059	75,827
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(114,158)	(96,867)
Fair value loss on debt instruments at FVOCI	(17,891)	(47,667)
Taxation relating to components of other comprehensive income that may be subsequently reclassed to profit or loss	4,320	2,930
Other comprehensive (loss) /income for the period, net of taxation	(127,729)	(141,604)
Total comprehensive income for the period	(35,670)	(65,777)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Ordinary shareholders	(31,082)	(72,401)
- Continuing operations	(31,082)	(73,113)
- Discontinued operations	-	712
Other equity instrument holder	1,828	-
Non-controlling interests	(6,416)	6,624
- Continuing operations	(6,416)	6,017
- Discontinued operations	-	607
	(35,670)	(65,777)



Unaudited consolidated statement of financial position	dited consolidated statement of financial position As a	t	
In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with central banks	3,990,899	4,209,138	
Trading financial assets	332,808	346,042	
Derivative financial instruments	60,074	78,404	
Loans and advances to banks	2,189,736	2,289,445	
Loans and advances to customers	9,310,238	9,575,865	
Treasury bills and other eligible bills	2,117,973	2,087,085	
Investment securities	6,561,922	6,560,228	
Pledged assets	200,691	206,001	
Other assets	1,237,888	1,095,569	
Investment in associates	3,748	4,863	
Intangible assets	109,725	122,288	
Property and equipment	724,751	750,615	
Investment properties	10,441	11,019	
Deferred income tax assets	200,133	201,996	
	27,051,027	27,538,558	
Assets held for sale and discontinued operations	23,491	23,235	
Total assets	27,074,518	27,561,793	
LIABILITIES			
Deposits from banks	1,680,252	2,229,935	
Deposits from customers	19,695,741	19,713,349	
Derivative financial instruments	31,817	29,101	
Borrowed funds	2,312,355	2,352,437	
Other liabilities	1,044,540	821,264	
Provisions	76,320	72,230	
Current income tax liabilities	26,555	66,342	
Deferred income tax liabilities	63,816	87,751	
Retirement benefit obligations	25,163	25,078	
Total liabilities	24,956,559	25,397,487	
EQUITY			
Share capital and premium	2,113,961	2,113,961	
Retained earnings and reserves	(614,480)	(581,570)	
Equity attributable to ordinary shareholders	1,499,481	1,532,391	
Other equity instrument holder	74,088	74,088	
Non-controlling interests	544,390	557,827	
Total equity	2,117,959	2,164,306	
Total liabilities and equity	27,074,518	27,561,793	

Dividend relating to 2021

At 31 March 2022



(7,021)

2,117,959

544,390

Unaudited consolidated statement of changes in equity Non-Controlling Interest Other equity Total Equity Attributable to equity holders of the company Total equity and reserves attributable Share Capital Retained Earnings Other Reserves In thousands of US dollars At 1 January 2021 2,113,961 199,172 (809,737) 1,503,396 524,317 2,027,713 Foreign currency translation differences (79,796) (17,071) (96,867) (79,796) Net loss in debt instruments,net of taxes Profit for the period (44,737) (44,737) (44,737) 52,132 23,695 52,132 75,827 (72,401) (3,388) Total comprehensive loss for the period (124,533) 6,624 (65,777) Group reserve Dividend relating to 2020 (3,388) (3,832) (3,832) At 31 March 2021 2,113,961 (937,658) 1,427,607 527,109 1,954,716 251,304 At 31 December 2020
Foreign currency translation differences 2,113,961 199,172 (809,737) 1,503,396 524,317 2,027,713 (175,566) (62,238) Net gain in debt instruments, net of taxes Net gain in equity instruments, net of taxes 509 12,182 509 12,182 509 12,182 Net gains on revaluation of property Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations (931) 262,234 (931) 357,366 (931) Profit for the year 262,234 95,132 Total comprehensive profit for the year Additional tier 1 capital Group reserve Transfer from general banking reserves **94,327** 74,088 262,234 (226,044) 36,190 58,137 74,088 (7,195) 23,935 (7,195) (7,195) (23,935) Transfer to statutory reserve (3,052)3.052 Dividend relating to 2020 (24,627) (24.627) At 31 December 2021 434,419 2,113,961 (1,015,989) 1,532,391 74,088 557,827 2,164,306 Net loss in debt instruments,net of taxes Foreign currency translation differences (11.500) (11.500) (2.071) (13.571) (85,686) 66,104 (28,472) 24,127 (114,158) 92,059 (85,686) 66,104 1,828 Total comprehensive loss for the period
Distribution to other instrument equity holder **66,104** (1,828) 1,828 1,828 (97,186) (31,082) (6,416) (35,670) (1,828) (3,656) (7,021) Dividend paid to other equity instrument holder (3,656)

498,695

(1,113,175)

1,499,481

74,088

2,113,961



Unaudited consolidated statement of cash flows

	Period ended 31 March	
In thousands of US dollars	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	125,080	100,318
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange income	(38,082)	(74,215)
Net investment securities gain	(4,062)	(2,142)
Impairment losses on loans and advances	41,933	66,486
Impairment losses on other financial assets	8,506	8,989
Depreciation of property and equipment	18,344	18,069
Amortisation of software and other intangibles	7,321	8,083
Profit on sale of property and equipment	(1,839)	(594)
Share of post-tax results of associates	-	(20)
Income taxes paid	(83,211)	(40,186)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	-	-
Trading financial assets	13,234	16,054
Derivative financial instruments	18,330	45,327
Treasury bills and other eligible bills	(12,874)	(63,000)
Loans and advances to banks	(182,308)	22,459
Loans and advances to customers	242,872	256,783
Pledged assets	5,310	75,846
Other assets	(142,319)	27,283
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks	19,482	(49,950)
Deposits from customers	(17,608)	(195,071)
Other deposits from banks	(234,027)	(161,381)
Derivative liabilities	2,716	(55,284)
Other liabilities	223,276	21,236
Provisions	4,090	14,801
Net cashflow from operating activities	14,164	39,891
Cash flows from investing activities	·	•
Aquisition of software	(2,441)	(1,009)
Aquisition of property and equipment	(13,889)	(7,103)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	5,640	5,834
Aquisition of investment securities	(321,676)	(241,788)
Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities	74,586	321,580
Net cashflow (used in) / from investing activities	(257,780)	77,514
Cash flows from financing activities	• • •	·
Repayment of borrowed funds	(122,373)	(180,850)
Proceeds from borrowed funds	92,209	442,682
Other equity instrument holder	(3,656)	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	(7,021)	(3,832)
		258,000
Net cashflow (used) / from financing activities	(40,041)	
Net cashflow (used) / from financing activities Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(40,841) (284,457)	375,405
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(284,457)	375,405
		,